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FOR THE PENINSULA

AFFORDABLE HOUSING PRICE **THRESHOLDS PROPOSE**

Price benchmark based on median income loan eligibility in each state, says Rehda Institute

OOI TEE CHING PETALING JAYA news@nst.com.my

HE Real Estate and Housing Developers Association Malaysia (Rehda) Institute has proposed affordable housing price thresholds in Peninsular Malaysia, with residential units here and the Klang Valley top-ping the list at RM500,000.

In its summary research report on affordable housing released yesterday, Rehda Institute said the benchmark for affordable housing varied across the country, based on states' median in-

try, based on states median in-come loan eligibility. The report said affordable housing was being built, but there was no demand for it as 14,739 units below RM500,000 were unsold up to the first quarter of the year.

The research identified nine structural problems in the affordable housing system, namely fragmented and unlevel playing field, rigid housing policies, unsuitable locations and land

Other issues were uneven cross-subsidy, rising develop-ment cost, unproductive use of public resources, low financial capacity for Bottom 40 and Middle 40 income groups, and absence of housing market data.

Rehda Institute chairman Datuk Jeffrey Ng said the lack of coordination between the public and private sectors in provid-ing affordable homes was compounded by the different definition of what affordable meant

He said the median household income differed from state to state. Ng said there were many ager

cies in the government and pri-vate sector providing affordable

housing projects.

He said this led to a lack of coordination, which resulted in the mismatch of supply and demand, thus, leading to the tens of thousands of unsold units.

"Every housing project ap-proval comes with an affordable housing quota, including where there may be no demand and a lack of a suitable ecosystem."

To address this problem, Ng said Putrajaya needed to set up a special purpose central agency (SPCA) under the housing min istry to redefine the roles of public and private property develop-ers in providing a master plan for affordable homes

"SPCA should streamline the policy formulation based on household income and demographics in states and local ar-

For example, he said, the unsold Bumiputera quota that was not released into the open market was adding up to the holding cost and overall cost of property

Up to March, Malaysia had 23,599 units in residential over



Rehda president Datuk Seri FD Iskandar (third from left) and Rehda Institute chairman Datuk Jeffrey Ng (second from right) at a press conference on the 'Affordable Housing Report' in Petaling Jaya yesterday. PIC BY ROHANIS SHUKR

hang. Part of these unsold units were under the Bumiputera quo-

Ng said this at a media briefing following the release of a report titled "Affordable Housing Re-

Present were Rehda Institute trustee Datuk Ng Seing Liong, Rehda president Datuk Seri FD Iskandar and Rehda deputy president Datuk Soam Heng

Iskandar said Malaysia was the only country with a high cross-subsidy and this had been going on for the past 40 years

"This can happen if the market is okay, but the last four years was challenging for the property market."

He was referring to the report that the cross-subsidy model in private developments resulted in purchasers of non-quota hous es paying a higher price for subsidised affordable housing

"We suggest that it is the gov-

ernment's responsibility to build affordable housing and the priate sector's to deliver marketdriven properties, without price control and quota."

Iskandar highlighted the sug-gestions of converting subsidies to social housing stock, such as rental programmes and sale of affordable homes to middle- and low-income groups.

The report proposed that banks offer 100 per cent housing loan to low-income groups and

first-time homebuyers.
It recommended reintroduction of the Developer Interest Bearing Scheme with a mecha-nism to tackle previous shortcomings

PROPOSED AFFORDABLE HOMES PRICE THRESHOLDS (MAXIMUM)

Note: Based on states' median incomes loan eligibility

Other parts of Selangor, Penang Island and Johor Baru	RM400,000
Seberang Prai, Johor, Melaka and Negri Sembilan	RM350,000
Terengganu, Kedah, Perak, Perlis and Pahang	RM250,000
Kelantan	RM200,000
	and Johor Baru Seberang Prai, Johor, Melaka and Negri Sembilan Terengganu, Kedah, Perak, Perlis and Pahang

